A RELATION BETWEEN THE SPACES OF LONG KNOTS AND PURE BRAIDS

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The aim of this research is to understand the topology of the space \mathcal{K}_n of *long knots* in \mathbb{R}^n , n > 3. In this talk we define a 'capping map' *c* from the space $\Omega \text{Conf}(\mathbb{R}^{n-1}, k)$ of pure braids in \mathbb{R}^n to \mathcal{K}_n , and determine the induced maps on (co)homology groups. The following relies on the study on the loop space of configuration space [2, 3].

Theorem ([4]). The map c detects the (co)homology classes of \mathcal{K}_n which are 'higher dimensional analogues' of finite type invariants for long knots in \mathbb{R}^3 .

More precisely, $\operatorname{Im}(c_*) \subset H_*(\mathcal{K}_n)$ is 'dual' to the subspace of de Rham cohomology classes obtained via the *configuration space integral* [1], a higher dimensional analogue of an integral expression of finite type invariants.

Recently P. Salvatore [5] proved that \mathcal{K}_n (n > 3) is weakly equivalent to a two-fold loop space. Hence the map c can be extended to that from the double Freudenthal suspension. The extended map might produce some torsion elements of $H_*(\mathcal{K}_n)$.

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Date: 6 September 2007.

The author is supported by 21st Century COE program at Graduate School of Mathematical Sciences, University of Tokyo.